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Calculation Sheet

Analyse the building frame shown in Fig. A using portal method.

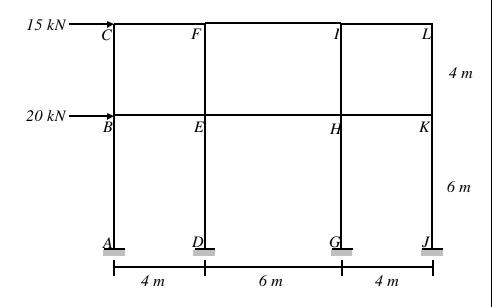
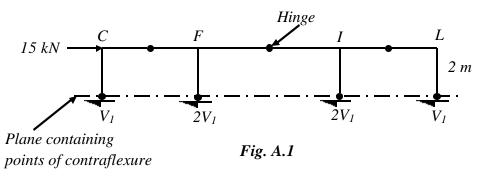


Fig. A

Top storey:

(i) Column Shears:

Shear in columns of the top storey is obtained by considering the free body diagram shown in Fig. A .1



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$$V_1 + 2V_1 + 2V_1 + V_1$$

15 kN

[Assumption 3]

Shear in end column, V_1

2.5 kN

Shear in middle columns, $2V_1$

5.0 kN

Thus, shear in columns are:

Shear (kN)

CB	2.5
FE	5.0
IH	5.0
LK	2.5

(ii) Column moments:

Column moments are found by multiplying column shear and half the height of column as shown below:

Column	Shear (kN)	Moment (kN-m)
СВ	2.5	2.5 * 2 = 5.0
FE	5.0	5.0 * 2 = 10.0
ΙΗ	5.0	5.0 * 2 = 10.0
LK	2.5	2.5 * 2 = 5.0

(iii) Girder Moments:

At any joint, sum of the girder moments is equal to the sum of the column moments. Starting from left corner of the frame, C

Joint C:

$$M_{CB} = M_{CF} = 5 \text{ kN-m}$$

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Joint F:

$$M_{FC} + M_{FI} = M_{FE}$$

$$M_{FI} = M_{FE} - M_{FC} = 10 - 5 = 5 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint I:

$$M_{IF} + M_{IL} = M_{IH}$$

 $M_{IL} = M_{IH} - M_{IF} = 10-5 = 5.0 \text{ kN-m}$

(iv) Girder shears:

 $Girder\ shear = Girder\ Moment\ /\ (span/2)$

Span	Span/2 (m)	Moment (kN-m)	Shear (kN)
CF	2.0	5.0	2.50
FI	3.0	5.0	1.67
IL	2.0	5.0	2.50

(v) Column axial forces: (See Fig. A .2)

Axial force on a column is determined by summing up the girder shears and other axial forces at each joint.

Starting from the left corner of the frame, we have

Joint C:
$$\mathbf{S}F_y = 0$$

 $F_{CB} = V_{CF} = 2.5 \text{ kN}$

Joint F:
$$\mathbf{S}F_y = 0$$

 $F_{EF} + V_{FC} = V_{FI}$
 $F_{EF} = V_{FI} - V_{FC} = 1.67-2.5 = -0.83 \text{ kN}$

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Joint
$$I: \mathbf{S}F_{y} = 0$$

$$V_{IF} = F_{IH} + V_{IL}$$

$$F_{IH} = V_{IF} - V_{IL} = 1.67-2.5 = -0.83 \text{ kN}$$

Joint L:
$$SF_y = 0$$

$$F_{KL} = V_{LI} = 2.5 \text{ kN}$$

Ground storey:

(i) Column shears:

Shear in the columns of ground storey is calculated in similar way to the top storey. The plane containing points of contraflexure will pass through the half the height of the ground storey. Then shear in columns is calculated as

$$\mathbf{S}F_H = 0$$

 $6V_I = 35 \text{ kN}.$
 $V_I = 35/6 = 5.8 \text{ kN}.$

Column Shears;

$$V_{AB} = 5.8 \ kN$$
 ; $V_{DE} = 11.7 \ kN$
 $V_{JK} = 5.8 \ kN$; $V_{GH} = 11.7 \ kN$.

(ii) Column moments:

Column	Length/2 (m)	Shear (kN)	Moment (kN-m)
4.00	2.0	5.0	17.5
AB	3.0	5.8	17.5
DE	3.0	11.7	35.0
GH	3.0	11.7	35.0
JK	3.0	5.8	17.5

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(iii) Girder moments:

Joint B:

$$M_{BE} = M_{BC} + M_{BA} = 5.0 + 17.5 = 22.5 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint E:

$$M_{EH} = M_{EF} + M_{ED} - M_{EB}$$

= $10 + 35.0 - 22.5 = 22.5 \text{ kN-m}$

Joint H:

$$M_{HK} = M_{IH} + M_{HG} - M_{HE}$$

= $10 + 35.0 - 22.5 = 22.5 \text{ kN-m}$

Joint K:

$$M_{KH} = M_{KL} + M_{JK} = 5 + 17.5 = 22.5 \text{ kN-m}$$

(iv) Girder shears:

Beam	Span/2 (m)	Moment (kN-m)	Shear (kN)
BE	2.0	22.5	11.3
EH	3.0	22.5	7.5
HK	2.0	22.5	11.3

(v) Column axial forces: (Consider the Fig. A .2)

Joint B:

$$\mathbf{S}F_V = 0$$

 $F_{AB} = F_{BC} + V_{BE} = 2.5 + 11.3 = 13.8 \text{ kN}$

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Joint E:
$$F_{ED} = F_{EF} + V_{EH} - V_{EB} = -0.83 + 7.5 - 11.3$$

= -4.6 kN

Joint H:
$$F_{GH} = V_{EH} + F_{IH} - V_{HK} = 7.5 - 0.83 - 11.3$$

= -4.6 kN

Joint K:
$$F_{JK} = V_{KH} + F_{LK} = 11.3 + 2.5$$

= 13.8 kN

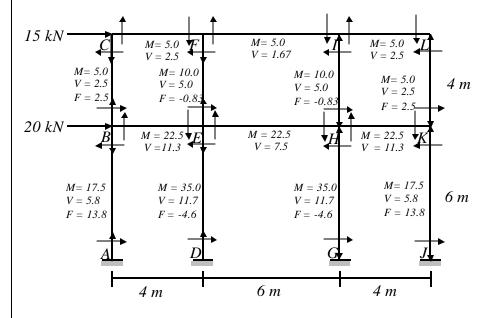


Fig. A. 2. Axial forces in columns and shear forces in members

M-Moment in kN-m

 $V-Shear\ in\ kN$

 $F-Axial\ force\ in\ kN$

Calculation Sheet

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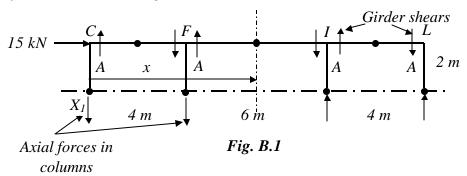
Problem 2:

Analyse the building frame shown in previous example (Fig. A) using Cantilever method. Assume cross-sectional areas of all the columns as equal.

Top storey:

(1) Location of centroidal line of columns of the storey:

Let the area of each column be A and x be distance to the centre of gavity of columns shown in Fig. B.1



Take moments about column BC

$$x = \frac{0 \times A + 4 \times A + 10 \times A + 14 \times A}{4A} = \frac{28A}{4A} = 7m$$

(2) Column axial forces: (See Fig. B.1)

In cantilever method, it is assumed that the axial forces in the columns are proportional to the horizontal distance from the center of gravity of the columns in the storey.

Say,
$$F_{BC} = F$$

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$$\frac{F_{BC}}{F_{EF}} = \frac{7}{3} \quad \text{P} \quad F_{EF} = \frac{3}{7}F_{BC} = 3/7F$$

$$F_{HI} = \frac{3}{7}F \qquad ; \qquad F_{KL} = F$$

Take moments about X_1 ,

$$15\hat{\ }2 + F_{EF}\hat{\ }4 - 10\hat{\ }F_{HI} - 14F_{KL} = 0$$

$$15^2 + \frac{3}{7}F^4 - 10^3 + \frac{3}{7}F - 14F = 0$$

$$30 - \frac{18}{7}F - 14F = 0$$

$$30 = \frac{116}{7}F$$

$$F = \frac{210}{116} = 1.81kN$$

$$F_{BC} = 1.81 \text{ kN}$$
 $F_{EF} = 0.78 \text{ kN}$ $F_{KL} = 1.81 \text{ kN}$

(3) Shear forces at the ends of beams: (See Fig. B.1)

Joint C:
$$\dot{\mathbf{a}}F_y = 0 \, \mathbf{P} \, V_{CF} = F_{BC} = 1.81 \, kN$$

Joint F:
$$V_{FC} + F_{EF} = V_{FI}$$

 $V_{FI} = 1.81 + 0.78 = 2.59 \text{ k N} \quad (\because V_{FC} = V_{CF})$

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Joint I:
$$V_{IL} = V_{IF} - F_{HI} = 2.59 - 0.78 = 1.81 \text{ kN } (V_{IF} = V_{FI})$$

Joint L:
$$V_{LI} = F_{KL} = 1.81 \text{ kN}$$

(4) Girder moments:

Girder moment = Girder shear * Span/2

Girder	Shear (kN)	<i>Span /2 (m)</i>	Moment (kN-m)
CF	1.81	2.0	3.62
FI	2.59	3.0	7.77
IL	1.81	2.0	3.62

(5) Column moments: At each joint, sum of girder moments equals to sum of column moments. Consider joints from left corner of the floor.

Joint C:
$$M_{CB} = M_{CF} = 3.62 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint F:
$$M_{FE} = M_{FC} + M_{FI}$$

$$= 3.62 + 7.77 = 16.3 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint I:
$$M_{IH} = M_{IF} + M_{IL}$$

$$= 7.77 + 3.62 = 16.3 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint L:
$$M_{LI} = M_{LK} = 3.62 \text{ kN-m}$$

(6) Column Shears:

Column Shear = Column moment / (Length/2)

Column	Moment (kN-m)	Length/2 (m)	Shear (kN)
BC	3.62	2.0	1.81
EF	11.4	2.0	5.70
HI	11.4	2.0	5.70
KL	3.62	2.0	1.81

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Ground storey:

(i) Location of centroidal line of columns of the storey:

Consider the following free body diagram shown Fig. B.2

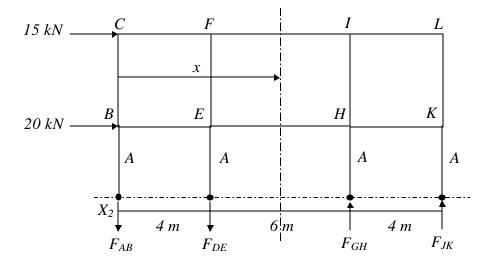


Fig. B. 2

Let the area of each column be 'A' and x be the distance to the centre of gravity of columns as shown in Fig. B.2

$$x = \frac{0 \times A + 4 \times A + 10 \times A + 14 \times A}{4A} = 7 m$$

(ii) Column axial forces:

Say,
$$F_{AB} = F$$

Then,
$$F_{DE} = 3/7 F$$
; $F_{GA} = 3/7 F$ and $F_{JK} = F$

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Taking moments about X_2 ,

$$15 \times (4 + 6/2) + 20 \times (6/2) + F_{DE} \times 4 - F_{GH} \times 10 - 14 \times F_{JK} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 105 + 60 + \frac{12}{7}F - \frac{30}{7}F - 14F = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{165 \times 7}{116} = 10.0kN$$

Axial forces in columns are,

$$F_{AB} = 10.0 \, kN$$
 ; $F_{DE} = 4.3 \, kN$; $F_{JK} = 10.0 \, kN$.

(iii) **Beam shears:** [See Fig B.3]

Joint B:
$$F_{AB} = V_{BE} + F_{BC}$$

$$V = 10.0 \quad 1.91 = 9$$

$$V_{BE} = 10.0 - 1.81 = 8.2$$

Joint E:
$$V_{EB} + F_{DE} = V_{EH} + F_{EF}$$

$$V_{EH} = 8.2 + 4.3 - 0.78$$

= 11.7 kN

$$(V_{EB}=V_{BE})$$

Joint H:
$$V_{HK} = V_{HE} - F_{GH} + F_{HI}$$

$$V_{HK} = 11.7-4.3+0.78$$

$$= 8.2 \ kN \qquad (V_{HE} = V_{EH})$$

Joint K:
$$V_{KH} = F_{JK} - F_{KL} = 10.0 - 1.81$$

$$= 8.2 kN$$

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(iv) Girder Moments:

Length/2 (m)	Shear (kN)	Moment (kN-m)
2.0	8.2	16.4
3.0	11.7	35.1
2.0	8.2	16.4
	2.0 3.0	2.0 8.2 3.0 11.7

(v) Column moments:

At each joint sum of column moments equals to sum of girder moments

Joint B:
$$M_{BC} + M_{BA} = M_{BE}$$

 $M_{BA} = M_{BE} - M_{BC}$

$$= 16.4-3.62=12.8 \text{ kN-m}$$

Joint E:
$$M_{EB} + M_{EH} = M_{EF} + M_{ED}$$

$$M_{ED} = M_{EB} + M_{EH} - M_{EF}$$

= 16.4+35.1-11.4=40.1 kN-m

Joint H:
$$M_{HE} + M_{HK} = M_{HI} + M_{HG}$$

 $M_{HG} = M_{HE} + M_{HK} - M_{HI}$

Joint K:
$$M_{KH} = M_{KL} + M_{JK}$$

$$M_{JK} = M_{KH} - M_{KL} = 16.4-3.62$$

= 12.8 kN-m

(vi) Column shears:

Span	Length/2 (m)	Moment (kN-m)	Shear (kN)
AB	3.0	12.8	4.3
DE	3.0	40.1	13.3
GH	3.0	40.1	13.3
JK	3.0	12.8	4.3

Sheet 7 of 7 Job No: Rev **Structural Steel** Job Title: **MULTI-STOREYED BUILDINGS Design Project** *Worked Example – 2* Date 24-1-2000 Made by SSSRChecked by PU Date 30-4-2000 **Calculation Sheet** 15 kN M = 7.77M = 3.6M = 3.6V = 2.59V = 1.8V = 1.8M=11.4M = 11.4M = 3.6V = 1.8V = 5.74 m V = 5.7V = 1.8F = 1.8F = 0.78F = 0.78F = 1.820 kNM = 16.4M = 35.1M = 16.4V = 11.7V = 8.2V = 8.2M = 12.8M = 12.8M = 40.1M = 40.16 m V = 4.3V = 13.3V = 13.3V = 4.3F = 10.0F = 10.0F = 4.3F = 4.36 m 4 m 4 m Fig. B. 3. Axial forces in columns and shear forces in members M-Moment in kN-m $V-Shear\ in\ kN$ F – Axial force in kN

Calculation Sheet

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Problem 3:

Determine the moments at the ends of columns and beams in the building frame shown in Fig. C by factor method. The relative stiffness factors (k) are mentioned in figure.

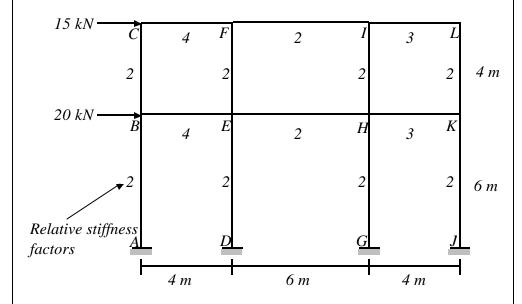


Fig. C

(1) Girder factors:

Girder factor, $g = \underline{Sum \ of \ column \ relative \ stiffness \ factors \ at \ the \ joint}}$ Sum of total relative stiffness factors at that joint.

Joint C:
$$g_C = \frac{2}{2+4} = 0.33$$

Joint F:
$$g_F = \frac{2}{4+2+2} = 0.25$$

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$$g_I = \frac{2}{2+2+3} = 0.286$$

$$g_L = \frac{2}{2+3} = 0.4$$

$$g_B = \frac{2+2}{2+2+4} = 0.5$$

$$g_E = \frac{2+2}{2+2+4} = 0.4$$

Joint H:

$$g_H = \frac{2+2}{2+2+3} = 0.444$$

Joint K:

$$g_K = \frac{2+2}{2+2+3} = 0.571$$

(2) Column factors:

Column factor, c = 1-g

Joint	\boldsymbol{g}	c = (1-g)	<i>g</i> /2	<i>c</i> /2
C	0.33	0.67	0.165	0.335
\boldsymbol{F}	0.25	0.75	0.125	0.375
I	0.286	0.714	0.143	0.357
L	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.3
B	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.25

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Worked Example - 3

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Joint	g	c = (1-g)	<i>g</i> /2	<i>c</i> /2
E	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.3
H	0.444	0.556	0.222	0.278
K	0.571	0.429	0.285	0.215
A	0	1.0	0	0.5
D	0	1.0	0	0.5
G	o	1.0	O	0.5
J	0	1.0	0	0.5

(3) Column and girder moment factors (C & G):

Joint	Members	c or g	Half values of factors of opposite end	(3) + (4)	k	C or G
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(5) * (6)
C	CF	0.33	0.125	0.455	4	1.82
	CB	0.67	0.25	0.92	2	1.84
F	FE	0.75	0.3	1.05	2	2.1
	FI	0.25	0.143	0.393	2	0.786
	FC	0.25	0.165	0.415	4	1.66
I	<i>IF</i>	0.286	0.125	0.411	2	0.822
	ΙΗ	0.714	0.278	0.992	2	1.984
	<i>IL</i>	0.286	0.2	0.486	3	1.458
L	LI	0.4	0.143	0.543	3	1.629
	LK	0.6	0.215	0.815	2	1.63
В	BE	0.5	0.2	0.7	4	2.8
	BC	0.5	0.335	0.835	2	1.67
	BA	0.5	0.5	1.0	2	2.0
E	EF	0.6	0.375	0.975	2	1.95
	EB	0.4	0.25	0.65	4	2.6
	EH	0.4	0.222	0.622	2	1.244
	ED	0.6	0.5	1.1	2	2.2

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Joint	Members	c or g	Half values of factors of opposite end	(3) + (4)	k	C or G
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(5)*(6)
Н	HI	0.556	0.357	0.913	2	1.826
	HE	0.444	0.2	0.644	2	1.288
	HG	0.556	0.5	1.056	2	2.112
	HK	0.444	0.285	0.729	3	2.187
K	KL	0.429	0.3	0.729	2	1.458
	KH	0.571	0.222	0.793	3	2.379
	KJ	0.429	0.5	0.929	2	1.858
\boldsymbol{A}	AB	1.0	0.25	1.25	2	2.5
D	DE	1.0	0.3	1.30	2	2.6
G	GH	1.0	0.278	1.278	2	2.556
\overline{J}	JK	1.0	0.215	1.215	2	2.43

(4) Storey Constants:

For ground storey,

Let A_1 be the storey constant for determination of moments at the ends of columns of the ground storey. Then

Total horizontal shear of ground storey = 15+20 = 35 kN

Height of ground storey = 6 m

$$\dot{a}C = (C_{AB} + C_{BA}) + (C_{ED} + C_{DE}) + (C_{HG} + C_{GH}) + (C_{KJ} + C_{JK})$$

$$= (2.5 + 2.0) + (2.2 + 2.6) + (2.112 + 2.556) + (1.858 + 2.43)$$

$$= 18.256$$

$$A_1 = \frac{35 \times 6}{18.256} = 11.5$$

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For top storey,

Let A_2 be the storey constant for determination of moments at the ends of columns of the top storey, then

$$A_2 = \left(\frac{Total\ horizontal\ Shear\ of\ top\ storey\ X\ Height\ of\ top\ storey}{\Sigma C}\right)$$

where, $\dot{a}C = Sum \ of \ the \ column \ end \ moment \ factors \ of \ the \ storey.$

Total horizontal shear of top storey = 15 kN.

Height of top storey = 4m.

$$\dot{a}C = (C_{CB} + C_{BC}) + (C_{FE} + C_{EF}) + (C_{IH} + C_{HI}) + (C_{LK} + C_{KL})$$

$$= (1.84 + 1.67) + (2.1 + 1.95) + (1.984 + 1.826) + (1.63 + 1.458)$$

$$= 14.458$$

$$A_2 = \frac{15 \times 4}{14.458} = 4.15$$

(5) Moments at the ends of columns:

Ground storey moments:

Moment at end of the column = Column moment factor at that end $*A_1$

$$M_{AB} = 2.5 * 11.5 = 28.7 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{BA} = 2.0 * 11.5 = 23.0 \text{ kN-m}$ $M_{DE} = 2.6 * 11.5 = 29.9 \text{ kN-m}$ $M_{ED} = 2.2 * 11.5 = 25.3 \text{ kN-m}$

$$M_{GH} = 2.556 * 11.5 = 29.4 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{HG} = 2.112 * 11.5 = 24.3 \text{ kN-m}$

$$M_{JK} = 2.43 * 11.5 = 27.9 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{KJ} = 1.858 * 11.5 = 21.4 \text{ kN-m}$

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Top storey moments:

Moment at end of the column = Column moment factor at that end $*A_2$

$$M_{BC} = 1.67 * 4.15 = 6.93 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{CB} = 1.84 * 4.15 = 7.64 \text{ kN-m}$

$$M_{EF} = 1.95 * 4.15 = 8.09 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{FE} = 2.1 * 4.15 = 8.72 \text{ kN-m}$

$$M_{HI} = 1.826 * 4.15 = 7.58 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{IH} = 1.984 * 4.15 = 8.23 \text{ kN-m}$

$$M_{KL} = 1.458 * 4.15 = 6.05 \text{ kN-m}$$
 $M_{LK} = 1.63 * 4.15 = 6.76 \text{ kN-m}$

(6) Joint Constants:

Joint constant (B) { EMBED Equation.3 }

For ground storey,

$$B_B = \frac{M_{BC} + M_{BA}}{G_{BC}} = \frac{6.93 + 23.0}{2.8} = 10.69$$

$$B_E = \frac{M_{EF} + M_{ED}}{G_{ER} + G_{EH}} = \frac{8.09 + 25.3}{2.6 + 1.244} = 8.69$$

$$B_H = \frac{M_{HI} + M_{HG}}{G_{HF} + G_{HK}} = \frac{7.58 + 24.3}{1.288 + 2.187} = 9.17$$

$$B_{K} = \frac{M_{KL} + M_{KJ}}{G_{KH}} = \frac{6.05 + 21.37}{2.379} = 11.53$$

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Job Title: MU	Job Title: MULTI-STOREYED BUILDINGS			
Worked Examp	Vorked Example - 3			
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	Checked by PU	Date 30-4-2000		

Calculation Sheet

For top storey,

$$B_C = \frac{M_{CB}}{G_{CF}} = \frac{7.64}{1.82} = 4.20$$

$$B_F = \frac{M_{FE}}{G_{FC} + G_{FI}} = \frac{8.72}{1.66 + 0.786} = 3.56$$

$$B_I = \frac{M_{IH}}{G_{IF} + G_{IL}} = \frac{8.23}{0.822 + 1.458} = 3.61$$

$$B_L = \frac{M_{LK}}{G_{IJ}} = \frac{6.76}{1.629} = 4.15$$

(7) Moments at the ends of beams:

Moment at the end of beam equals to Girder moment factor at that end multiplied by respective joint constant.

$$M_{CF} = 1.82 * 4.2 = 7.64 \text{ kN-m}; M_{FC} = 1.66 * 3.56 = 5.91 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{FI} = 0.786 * 3.56 = 2.8 \text{ kN-m}; M_{IF} = 0.822 * 3.61 = 2.97 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{IL} = 1.458 * 3.61 = 5.26 \text{ kN-m}; M_{LI} = 1.629 * 4.15 = 6.76 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{BE} = 2.8 * 10.69 = 29.9 \text{ kN-m}; M_{EB} = 2.6 * 8.69 = 22.6 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{EH} = 1.244 * 8.69 = 10.8 \ kN-m$$
; $M_{HE} = 1.288 * 9.17 = 11.8 \ kN-m$

$$M_{HK} = 1.332 * 9.17 = 12.2 \ kN-m \; ; M_{KH} = 2.187 * 11.53 = 25.2 \ kN-m$$

The values of girder factors and column factors are shown in Fig. C.2

Job No: Sheet 8 of 8 Rev **Structural Steel** Job Title: **MULTI-STOREYED BUILDINGS Design Project** Worked Example - 3 Date 24-1-2000 Made by SSSRChecked by PU Date 30-4-2000 **Calculation Sheet** 0.250.2860.330.25 0.286 0.4 0.125 0.143 0.165 0.125 0.143 0.2 0.455 0.393 0.415 0.411 0.4860.543 $15 \ kN_{\overline{0.67}}$ 0.75 0.714 0.6 0.215 9.3 0.278 0.25 0.815 0.92 1.05 0.992 0.556 0.5 0.4 0.571 0.6 0.5 0.429 0.25 0.222 0.285 0.2 0.375 0.335 0.357 0.3 $20 \text{ kN} = \frac{0.835}{0.835}$ 0.65 0.7 0.7290.793 0.975 0.729 0.556 0.444 F0.4 0.429 0.5 B 0.6 0.5 0.2220.2 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.056 0.455 0.929 0.644 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.3 0.278 0.215 0.25 1.3 1.278 1.215 1.25 6 m 4 m 4 m Fig. C. 2 Girder factors and column factors of the frame Factors presented in rectangular boxes are girder factors and column factors are presented simply without any rectangular box.

MULTI-STOREY BUILDINGS - II Sheet 1 of 2 Job No: Rev **Structural Steel** Job Title: **MULTI-STOREYED BUILDINGS Design Project** Worked Example - 4 Made by Date 24-1-2000 SSSR Checked by PU Date 30-4-2000 **Calculation Sheet** Problem 4: Determine the moments at the ends of columns and beams of the rigidly jointed building frame shown in Fig. D for the gravity load applied. 4 m 20 kN/m4 m

4 m

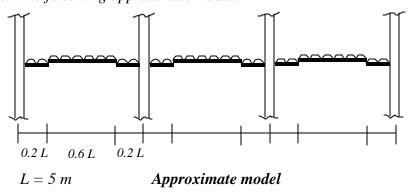
Fig. D

5 m

5 m

Consider the following approximate model.

5 m



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	-			

Calculation Sheet

Maximum + ve B.M. at mid-span =
$$\frac{wL^2}{8}$$

= $20*3^2/8 = 22.5$ kN-m

End reaction =
$$wl/2$$
 = $20 * 3/2 = 30 kN$

Maximum negative B.M. at end column =
$$30 * 1 + (20 * 1 * 1)/2$$

$$= 40 \text{ kN-m}$$

Bending moment in the interior column = 40 - 40 = 0

B.M. diagram for the frame:

